



Wir schaffen Wissen – heute für morgen

**Paul Scherrer Institut**

Yves Kayser

Wavefront metrology measurements at SACLA by means of  
X-ray grating interferometry



## Wir schaffen Wissen – heute für morgen

Paul Scherrer Institut: Y. Kayser, S. Rutishauser, U. Flechsig, C. David

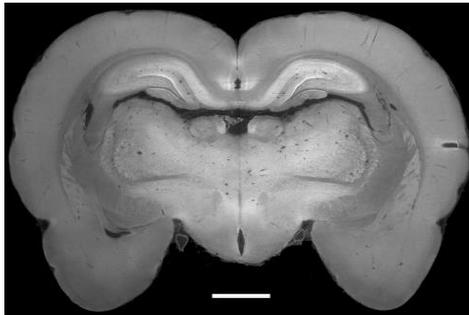
Riken Harima Institute: T. Katayama, M. Yabashi

- Grating based interferometry
  - Application domains
  - Working principle
- Single-shot metrology measurements at the SACLA hard X-FEL
  - Radius of curvature
  - Mirror and monochromator surface

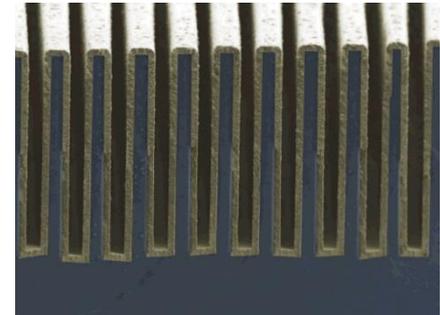
## Grating interferometry at the PSI

### Phase contrast imaging

(synchrotron sources, x-ray tubes,  
neutron sources)



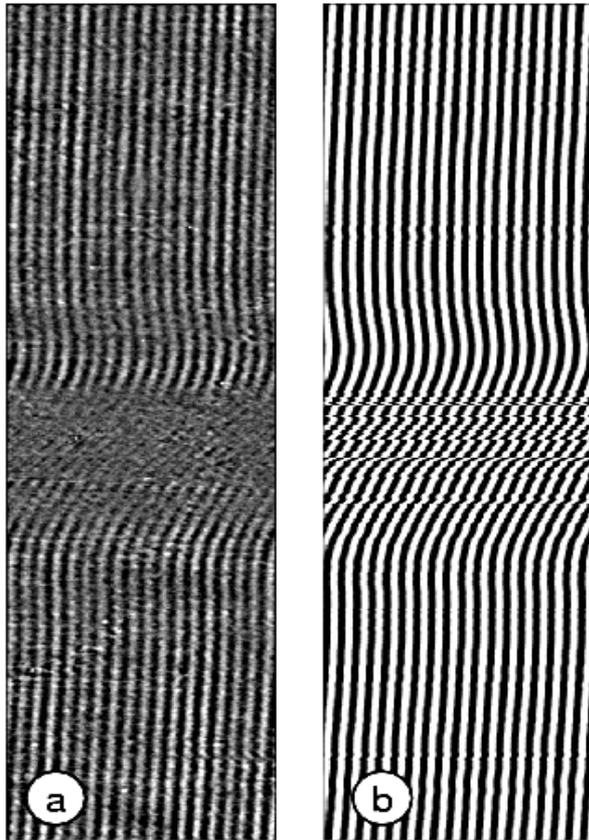
### X-ray metrology



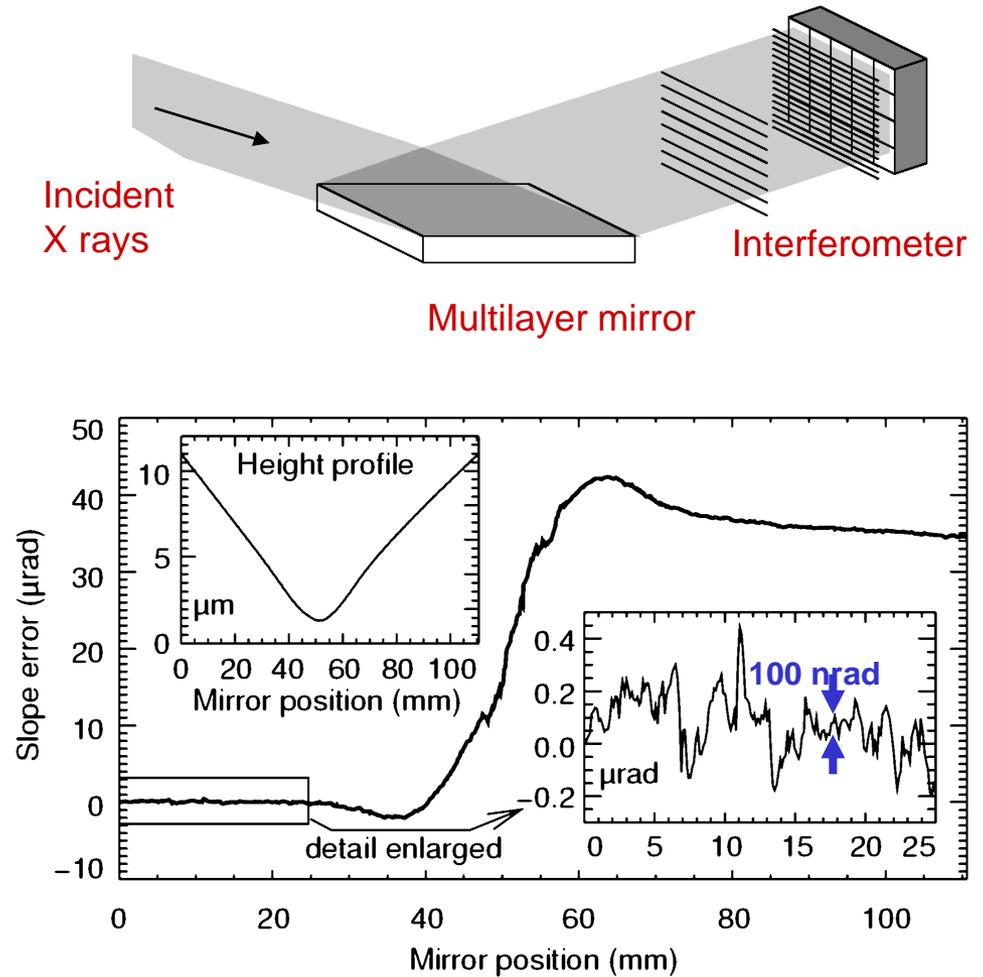
# Applications of grating interferometry



F. Pfeiffer, M. Bech, O. Bunk, P. Kraft, E. F. Eikenberry, Ch. Brönnimann, C. Grünzweig, and C. David,  
*Hard-X-ray dark-field imaging using a grating interferometer*,  
Nat. Mater. **7**, 134-137 (2008).

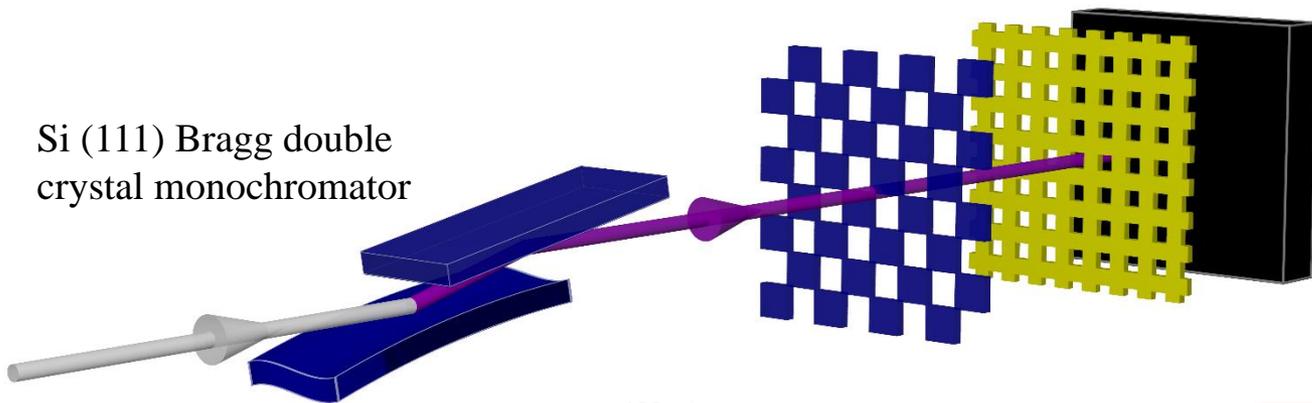


a) detected interferogram  
b) analyze main Fourier component

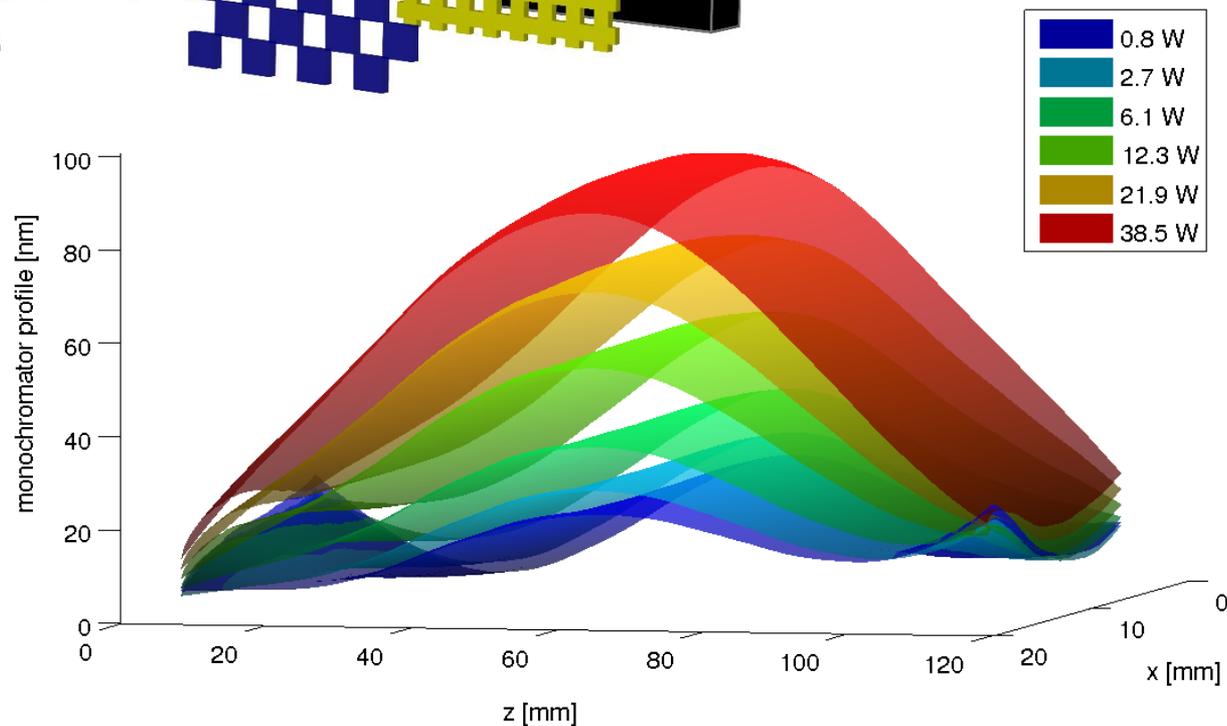
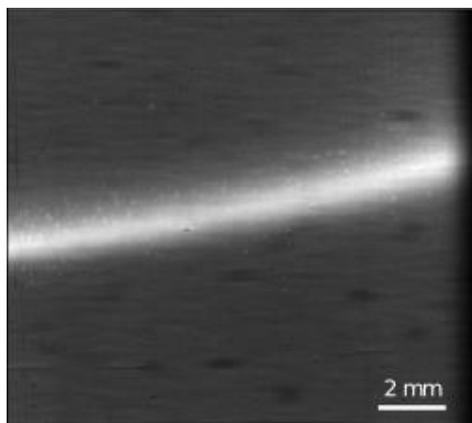


T. Weitkamp, B. Nöhammer, A. Diaz, C. David, and E. Ziegler,  
*X-ray wavefront analysis and optics characterization with a grating interferometer*,  
*Appl. Phys. Lett.* **86**, 054101 (2005).

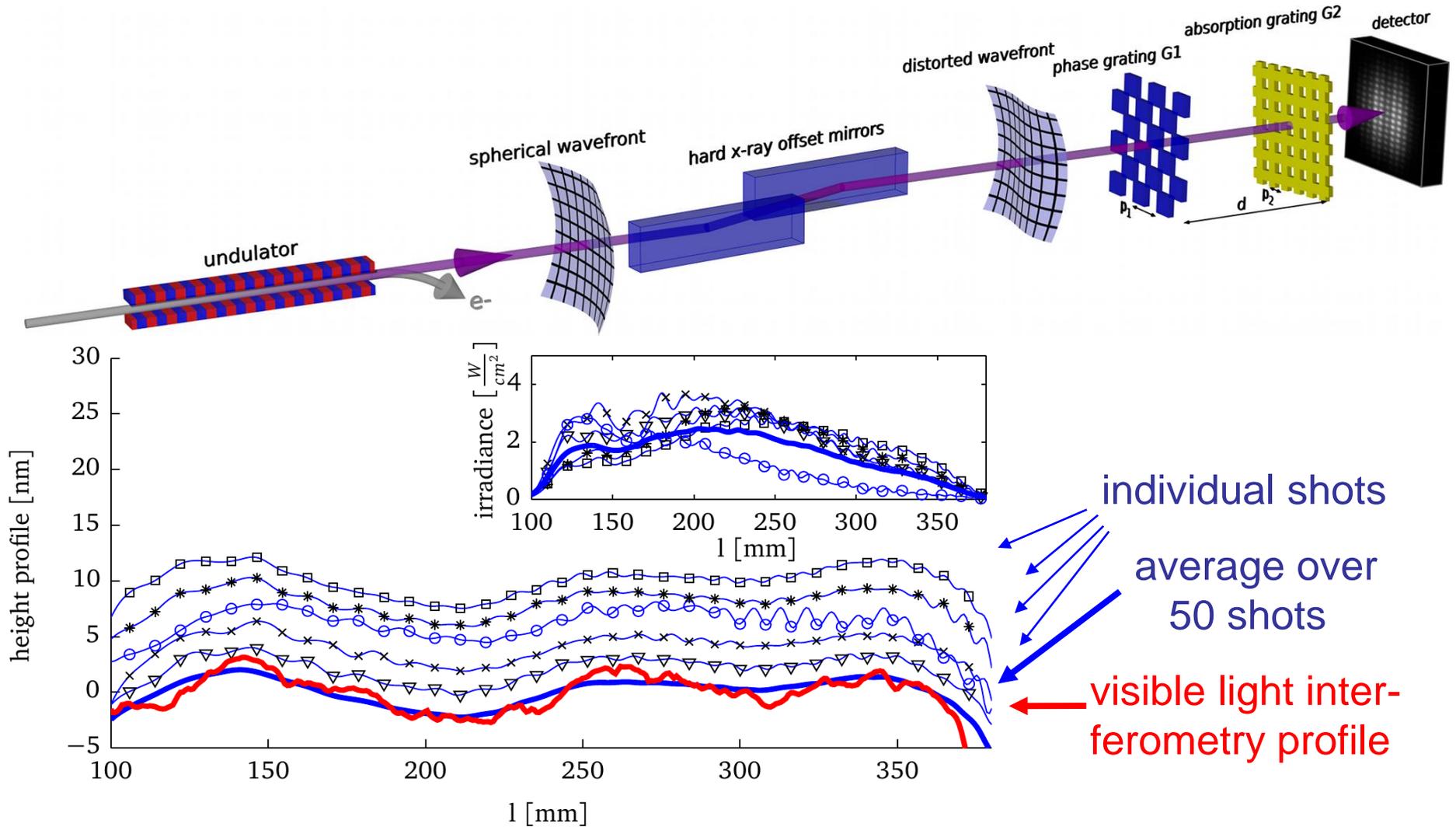
Si (111) Bragg double  
crystal monochromator



2D grating interferometer

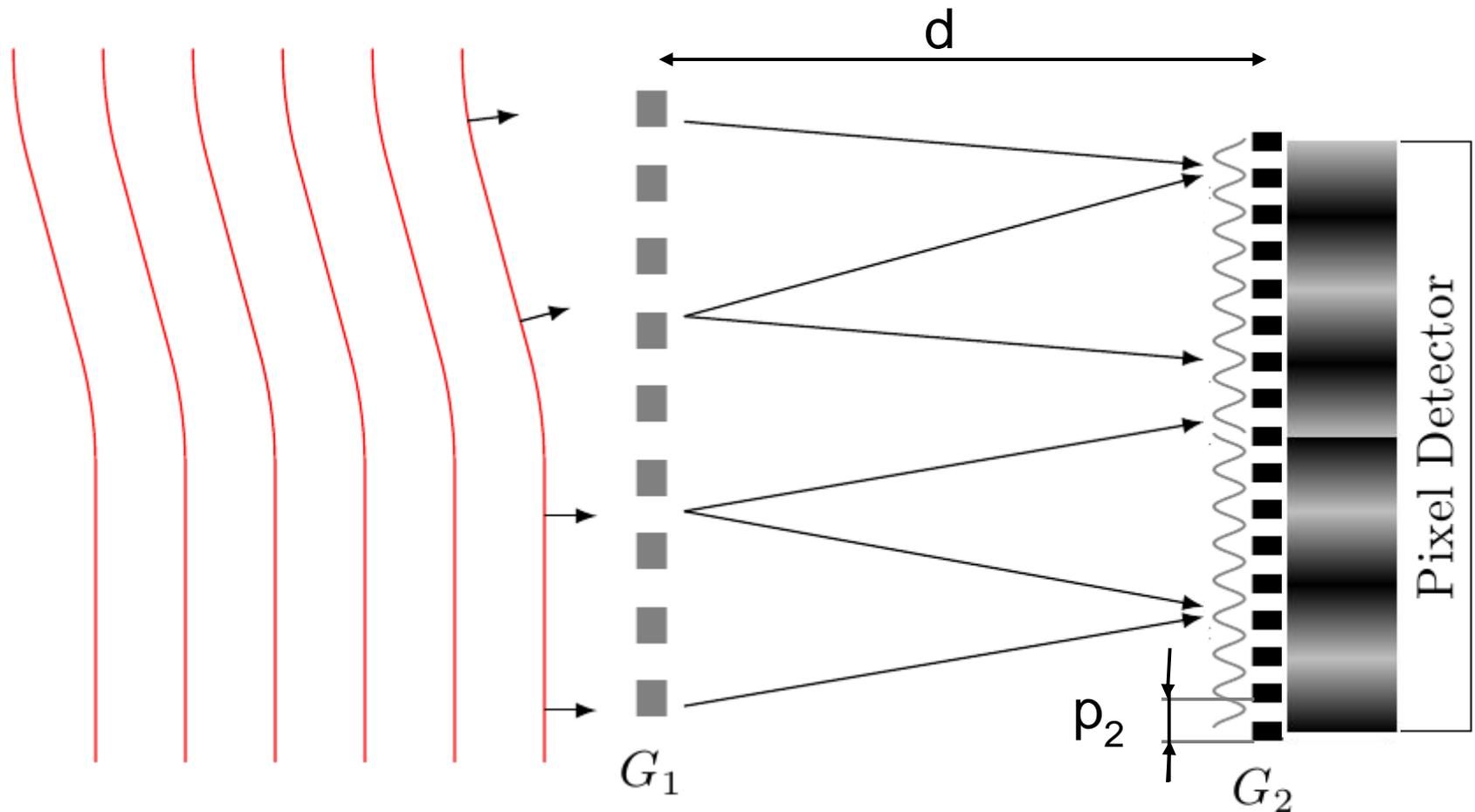


S. Rutishauser, A. Rack, T. Weitkamp, Y. Kayser, C. David and A. T. Macrander,  
*Heat bump on a monochromator crystal measured with X-ray grating interferometry*,  
*J. Synchrotron. Rad.* **20**, 300-305 (2013).



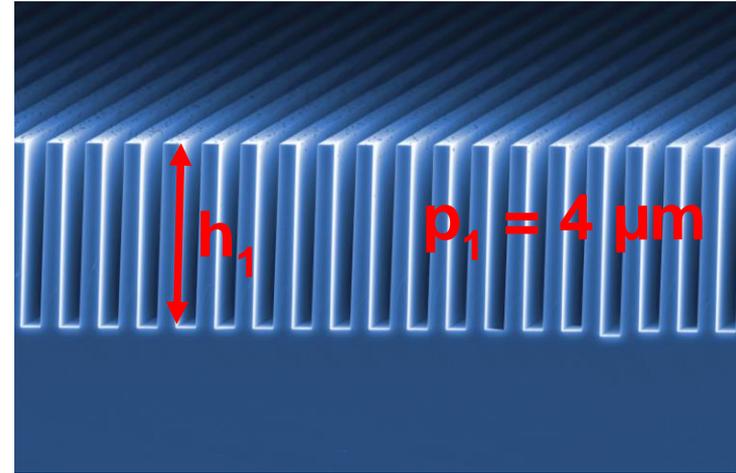
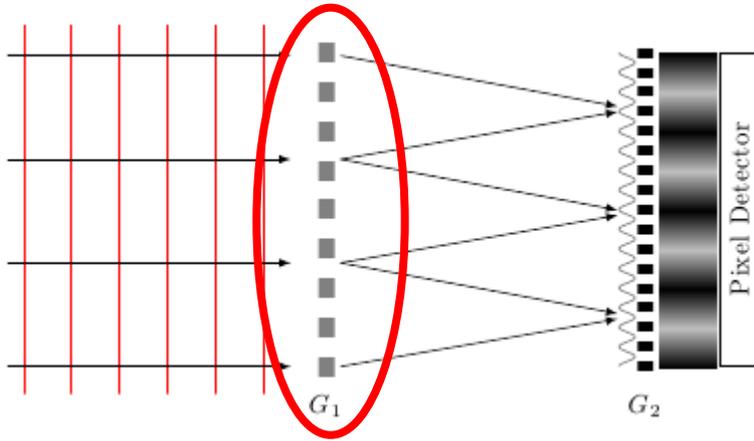
S. Rutishauser, L. Samoylova, J. Krzywinski, O. Bunk, J. Grünert, H. Sinn, M. Cammarata, D. M. Fritz, and C. David, *Exploring the wavefront of hard X-ray free electron laser radiation*, Nat. Commun. **3**, 947 (2012).

# Hard X-ray grating interferometry



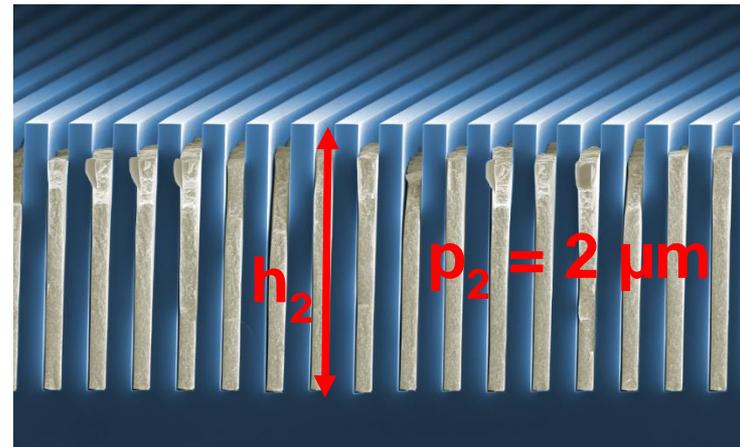
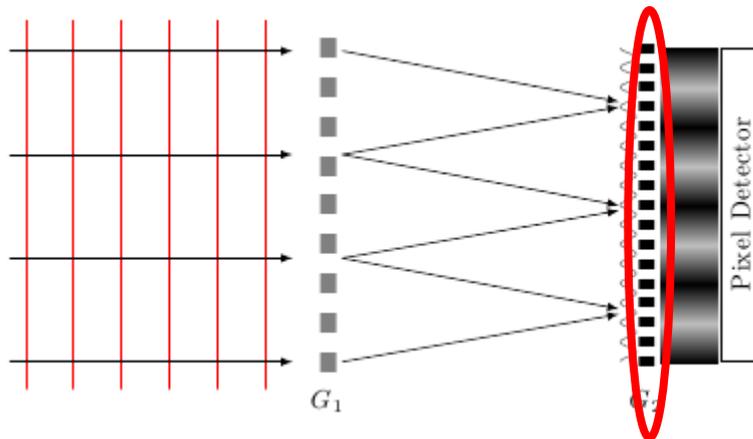
Sensitivity: 
$$S \propto \frac{p_2}{d} = \frac{[\mu m]}{[m]} = [\mu rad] \xrightarrow{\text{detect } \frac{1}{100} \text{ fringe}} 10 nrad$$

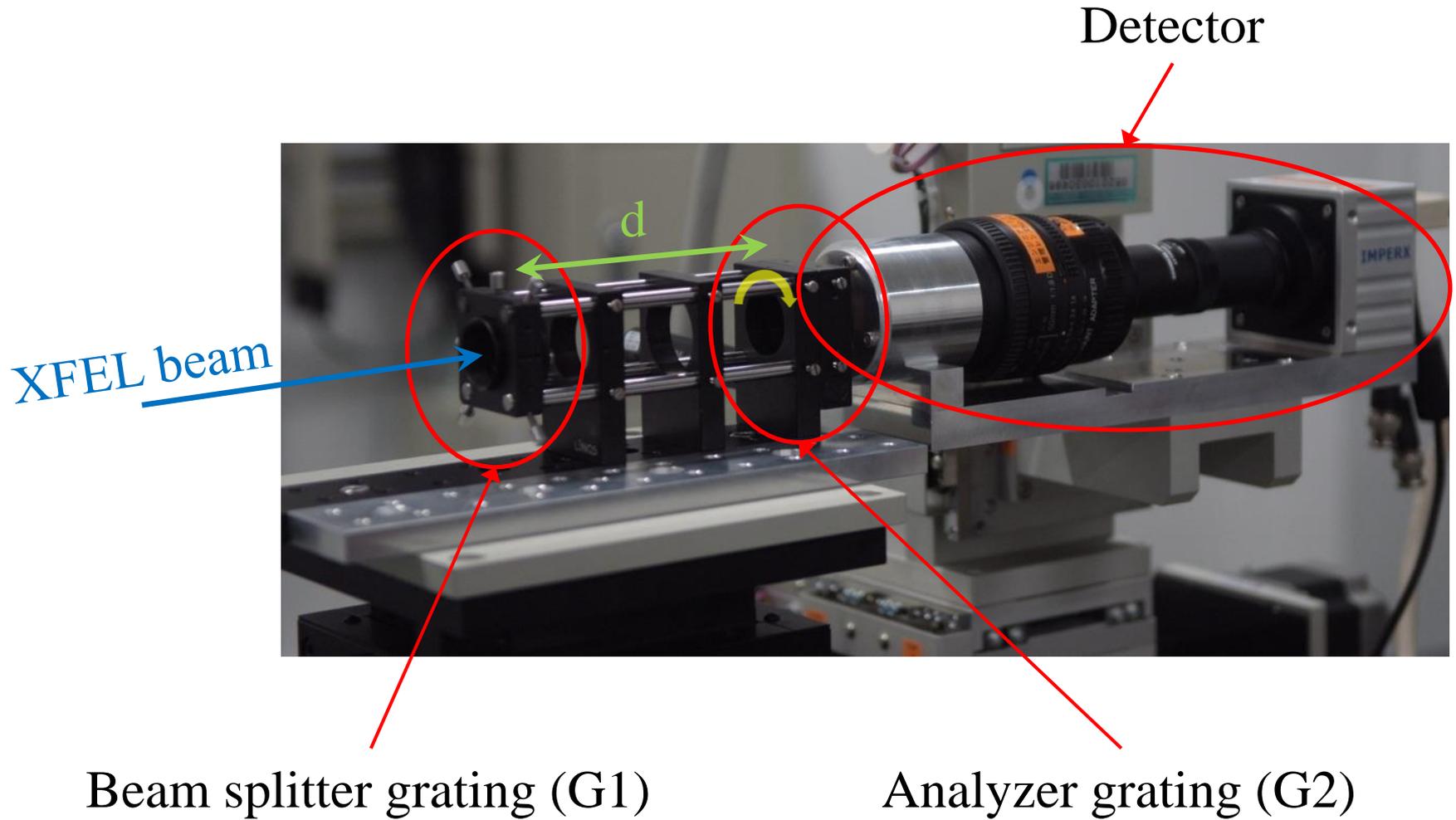
## Beam splitter grating (G1)



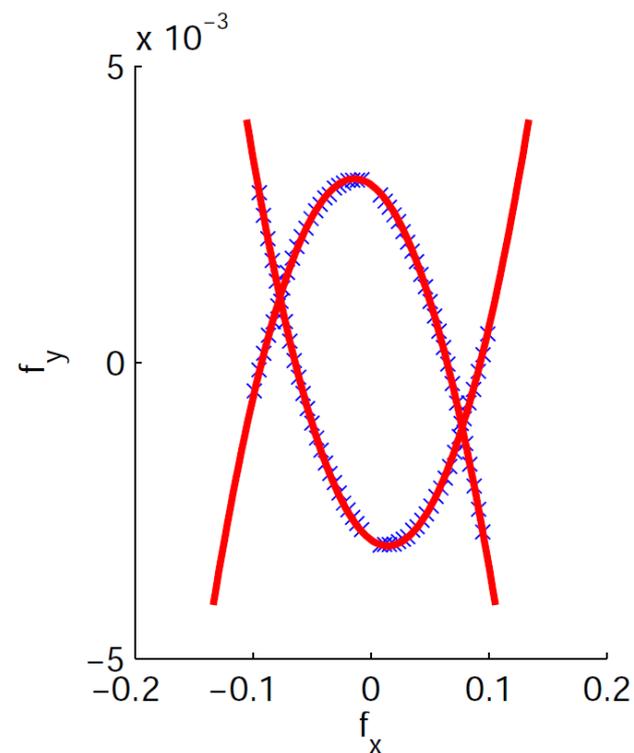
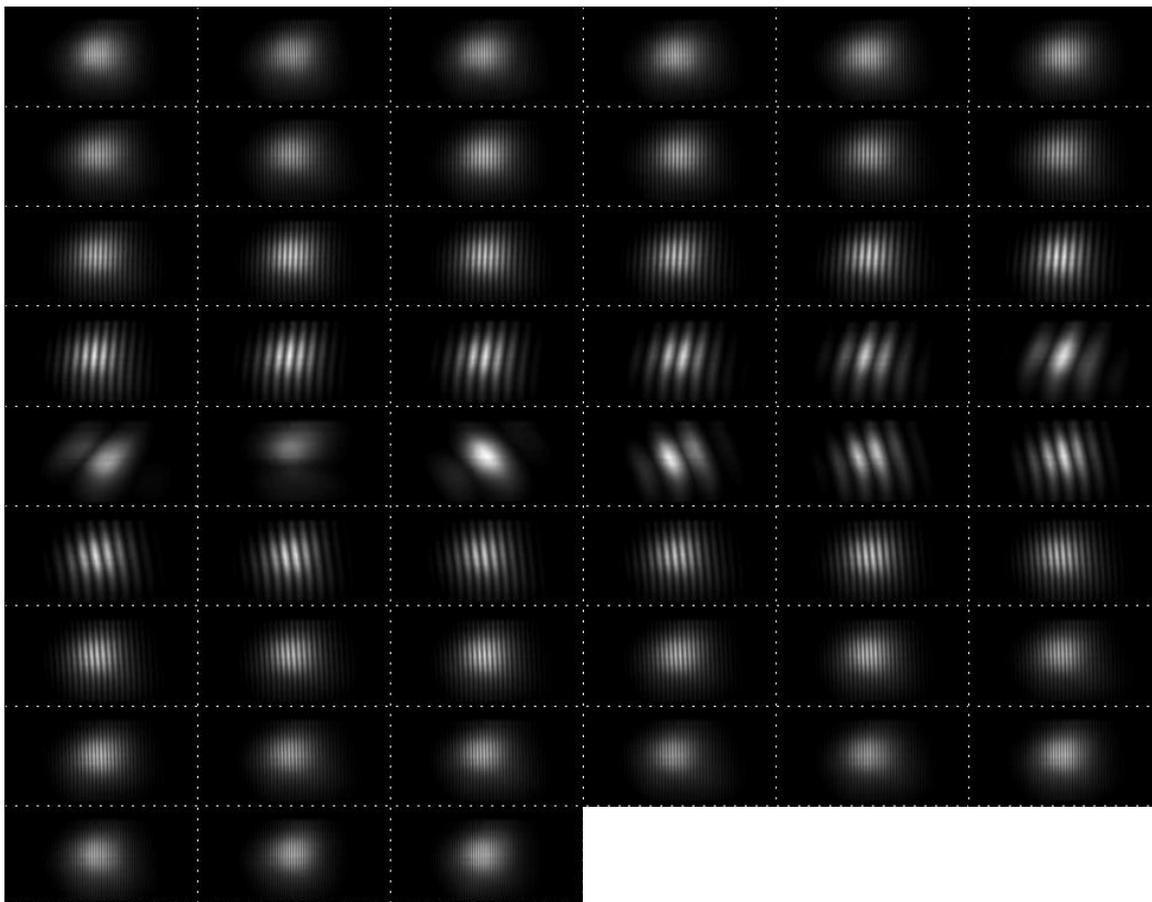
X-ray propagation direction  
↓

## Analyzer grating (G2)





# Grating rotation scan

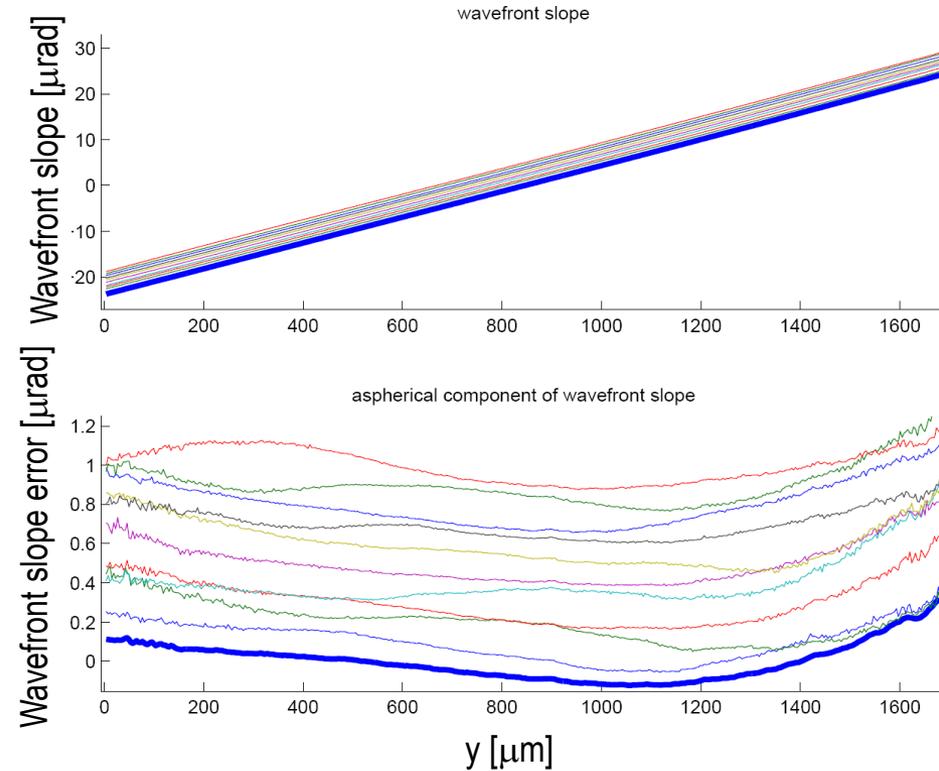
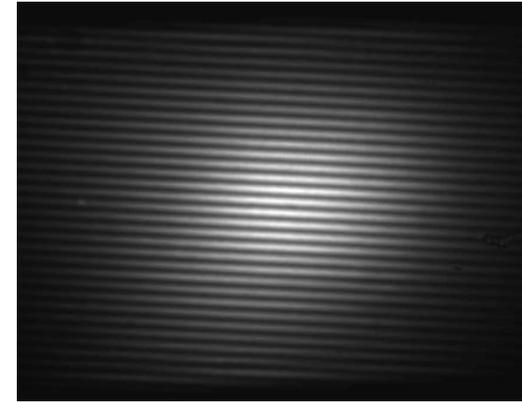
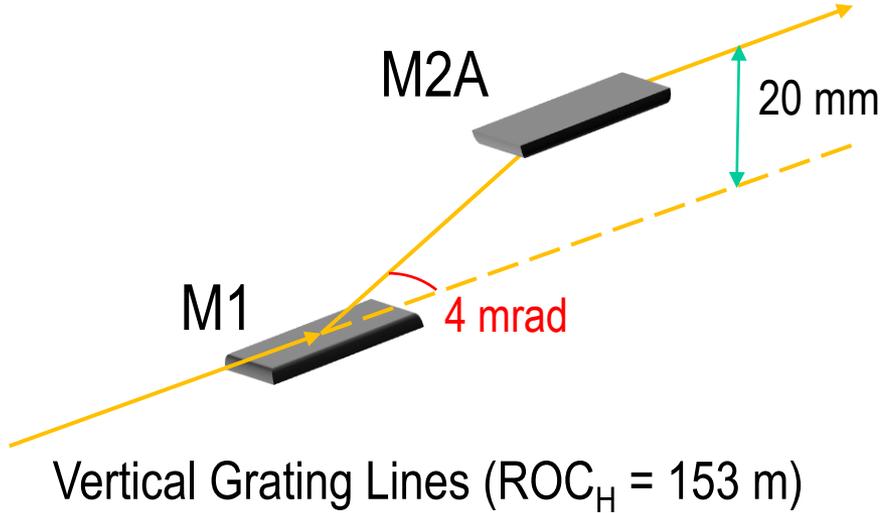


Angular Calibration

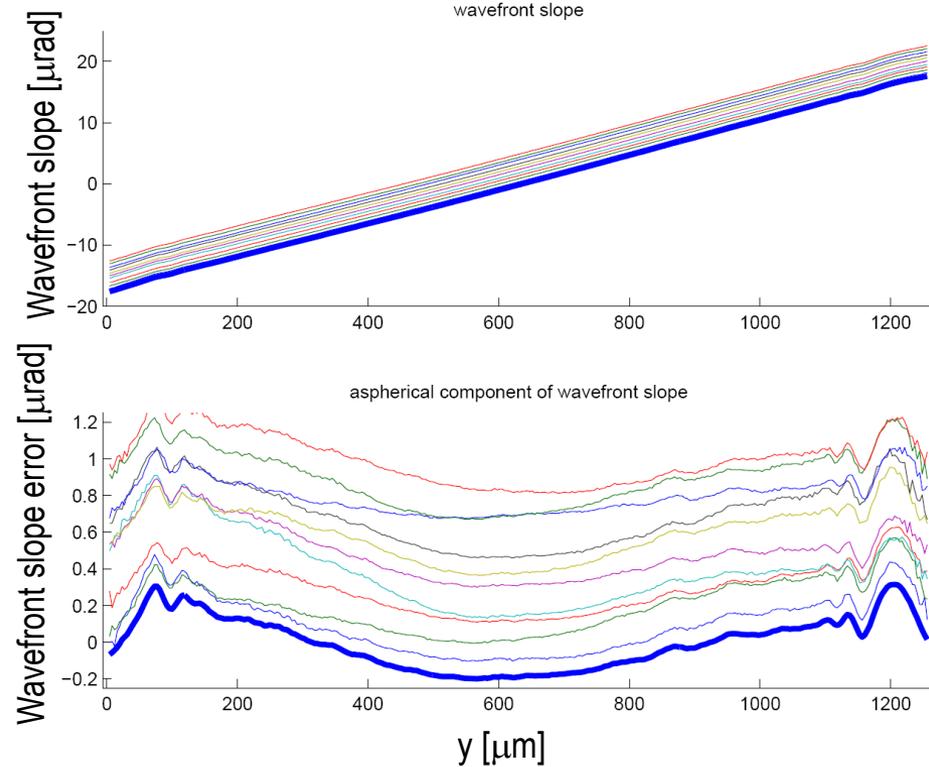
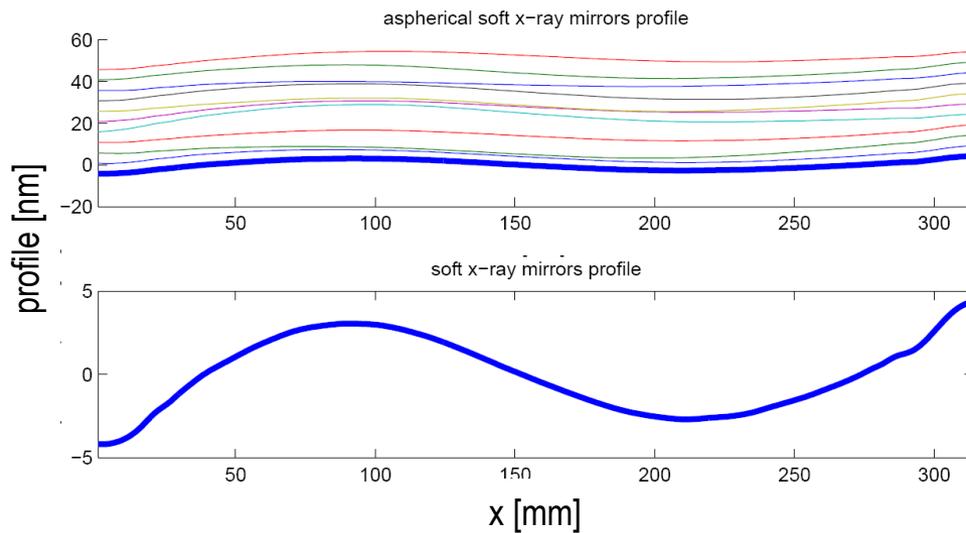
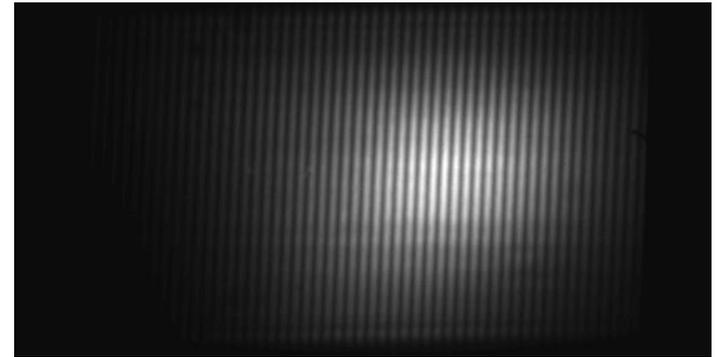
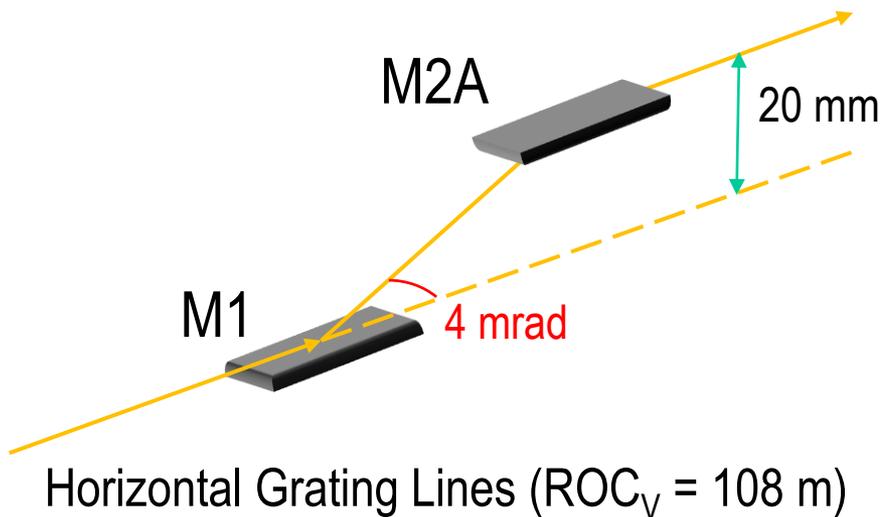
Radius of curvature (ROC)

H. Wang, K. Sawhney, S. Berujon, E. Ziegler, S. Rutishauser, and C. David,  
*X-ray wavefront characterization using a rotating shearing interferometer*,  
*Opt. Express.* **19**, 16550-16559 (2011).

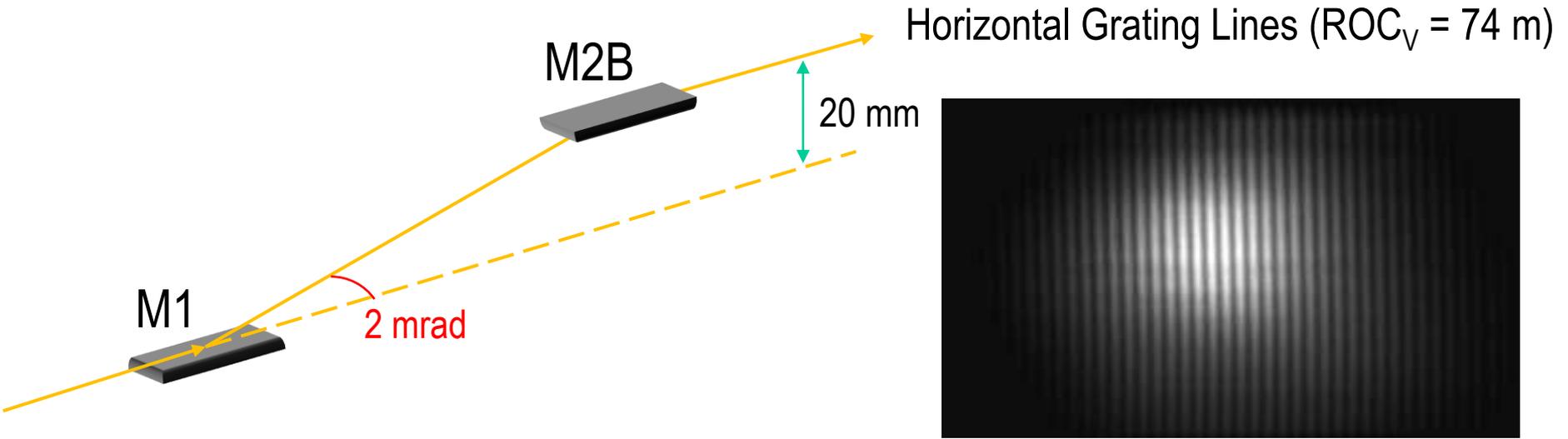
# Results: Mirrors (M1 & M2A, $E_B = 7$ keV)



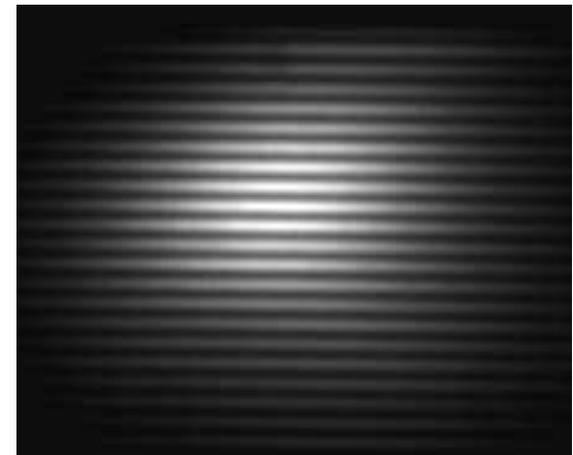
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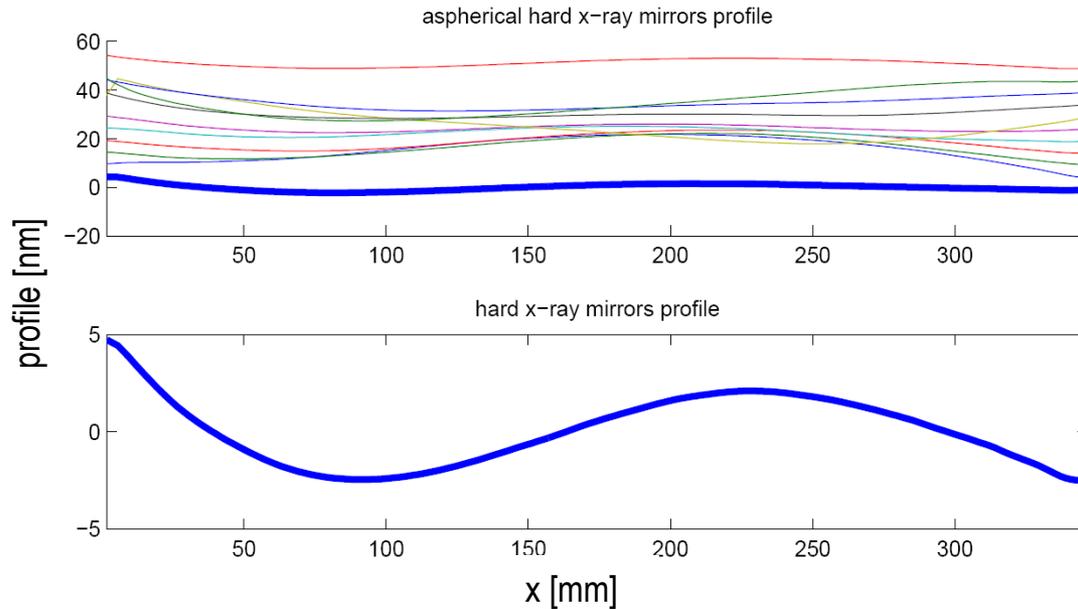
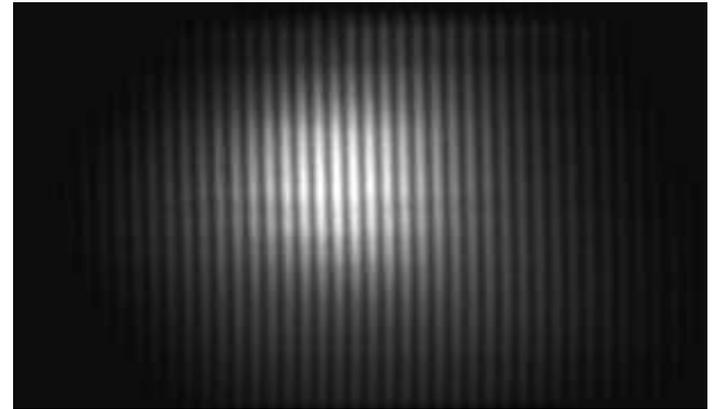
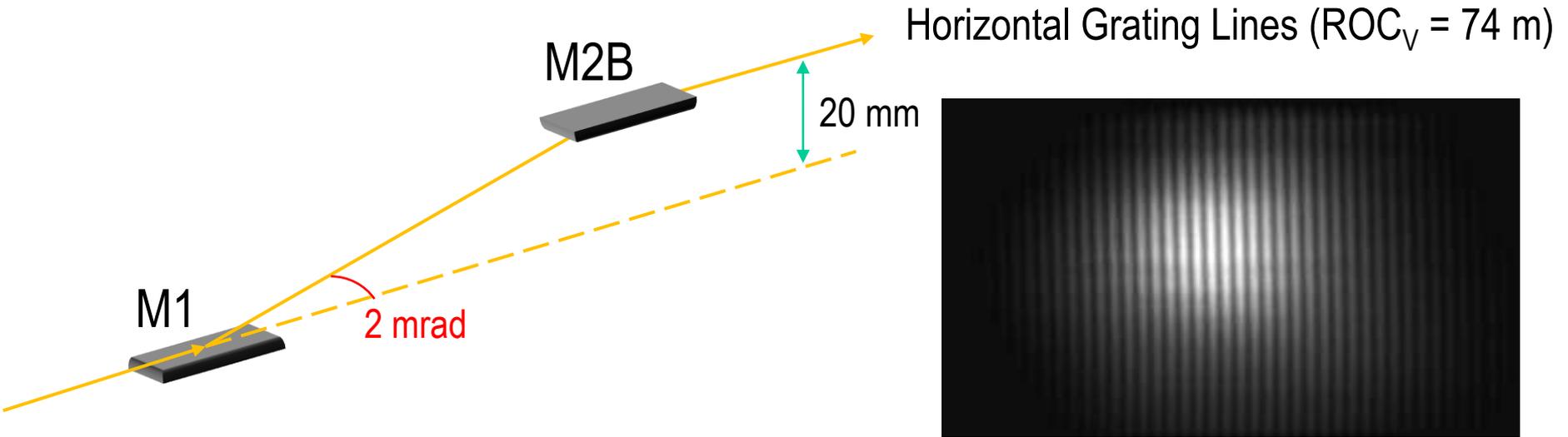
# Results: Mirrors (M1 & M2B , $E_B = 12.4$ keV)

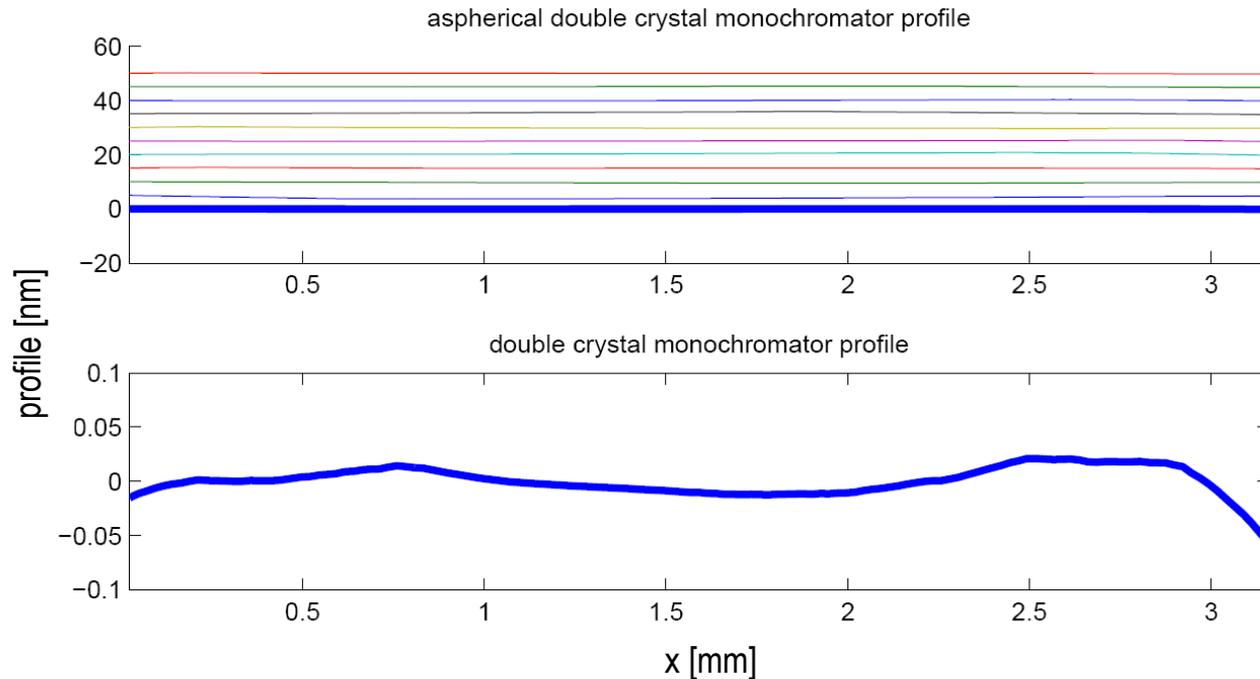
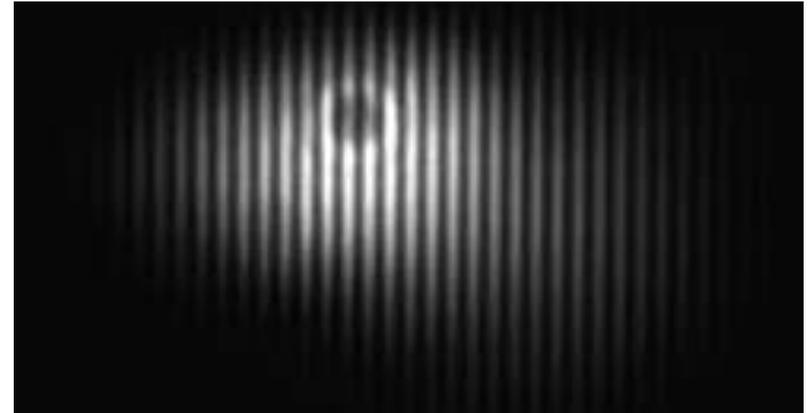
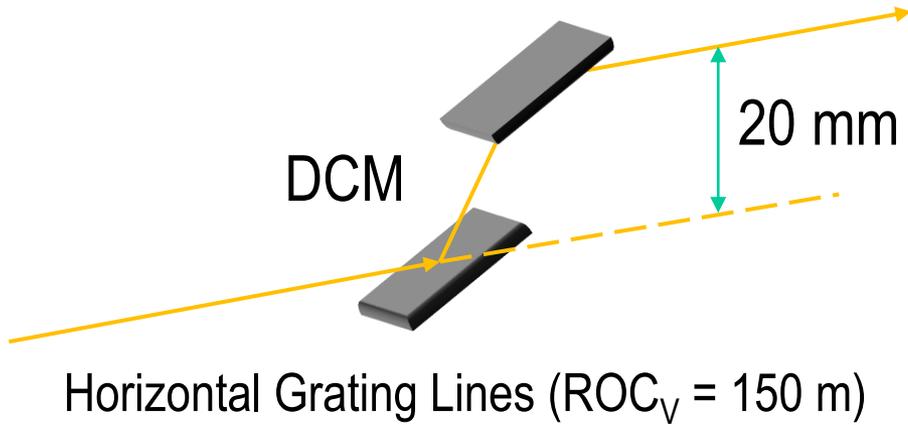


Vertical Grating Lines ( $ROC_H = 153$  m)



# Results: Mirrors (M1 & M2B , $E_B = 12.4$ keV)





- In-situ at wavelength wavefront observations at the SACLA hard X-FEL source by means of grating interferometry
- Applied to metrology experiment aiming at spatially resolved wavefront measurements for optics testing
- Result: flat wavefront profiles & optical components of excellent quality

## Thanks for your attention!

