



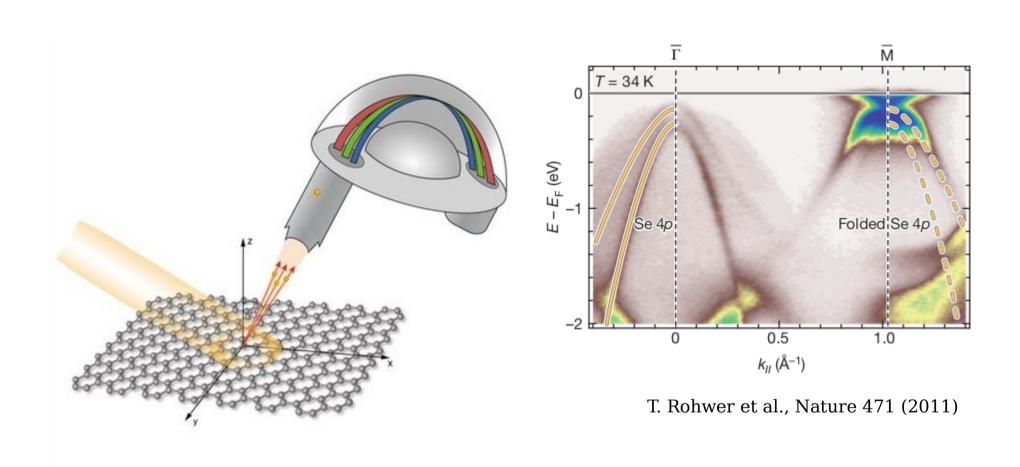


Bypassing the energy-time uncertainty in time-resolved photoemission

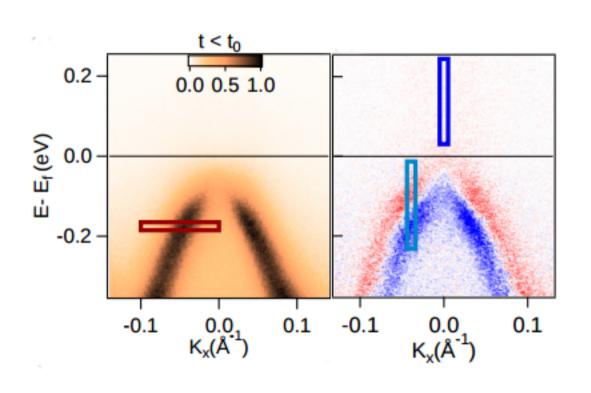
Francesco Randi

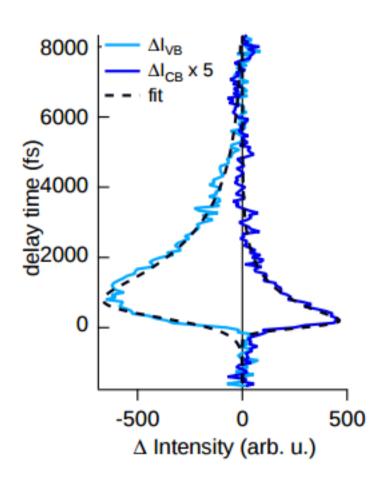
NGSCES 2016, Trieste

Photoemission

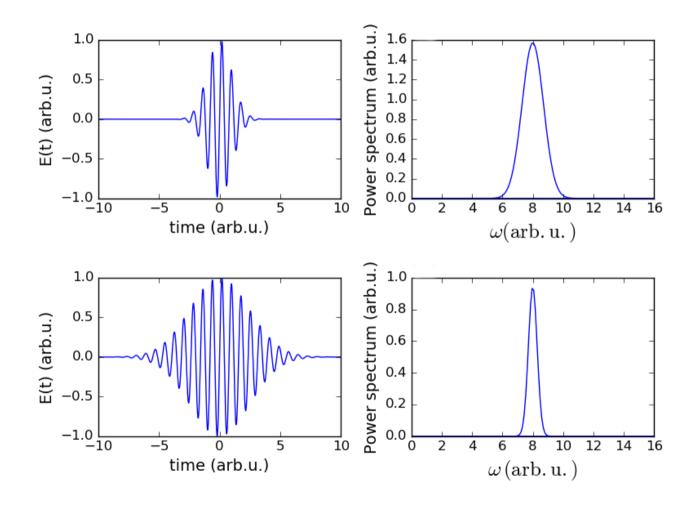


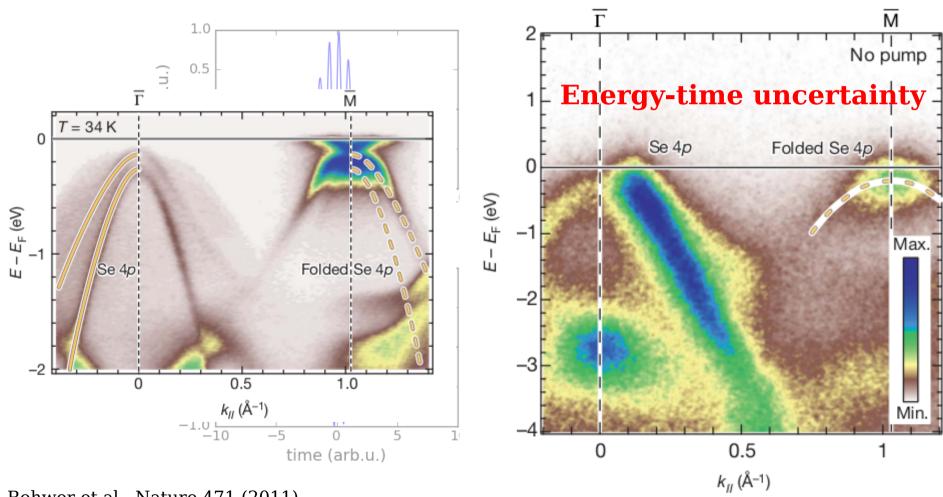
MPSD, MPG





Manzoni et al., PRL 115 (2016)





When does this constitute a serious problem?

Emergent properties of solids often show up on small energy scales.

Kondo screening

Emergent properties of solids often show up on small energy scales.

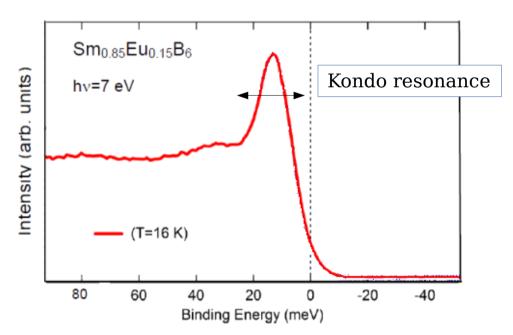
- Kondo screening
- Band splitting and gaps, long range order

Emergent properties of solids often show up on small energy scales.

- Kondo screening
- Band splitting and gaps, long range order
- Superconducting condensate

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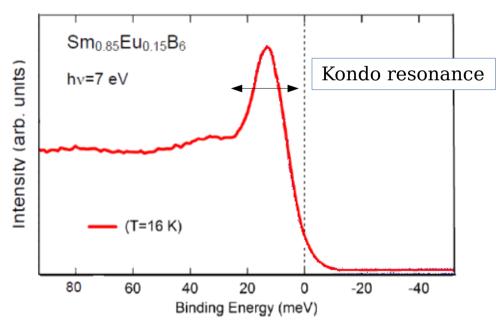
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Suga, Imada JPSJ 83 (2014)

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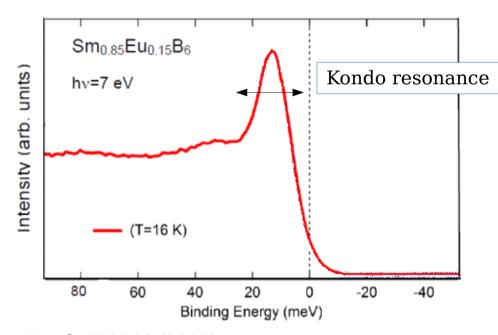
Can we observe its dynamics on timescales beyond the spectral uncertainty limit?

$$\leq rac{\hbar}{\Delta E}$$
 ?

Suga, Imada JPSJ 83 (2014)

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Can we observe its dynamics on timescales beyond the spectral uncertainty limit?

$$\leq \frac{\hbar}{\Delta E}$$
 ?

Timescale for the screening can be faster than the inverse width of the spectral feature

Lechtenberg PRB 90, 2014

Suga, Imada JPSJ 83 (2014)

Is the energy-time uncertainty a fundamental limitation?

Outline

- Standard time-resolved photoemission
- How to bypass the energy-time uncertainty
- Example: the buildup of the Kondo resonance

$$I(E, t_p) \propto \int dt dt' \ e^{-iE(t-t')} G^{<}(t_p + t, t_p - t') \ S(t, t')$$

From perturbation theory...

$$I(E, t_p) \propto \int dt dt' \ e^{-iE(t-t')} G^{<}(t_p + t, t_p - t') \ S(t, t')$$

Properties of the solid Contains the true timescales

From perturbation theory...

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 Properties of the solid

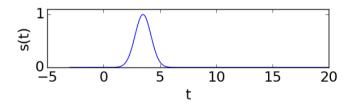
$$S(t, t') = s(t) s(t')^*$$

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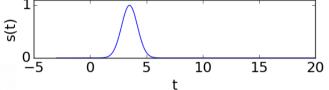
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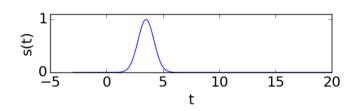


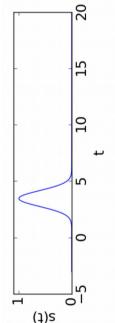
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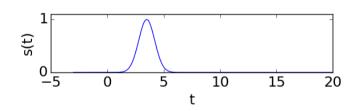


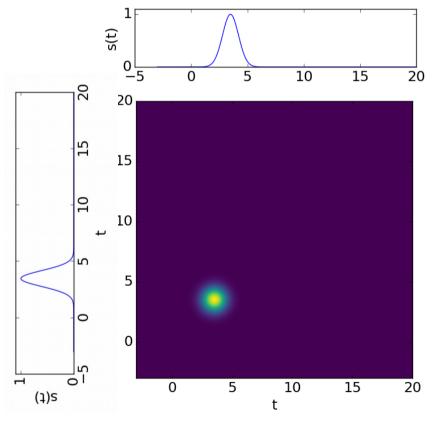


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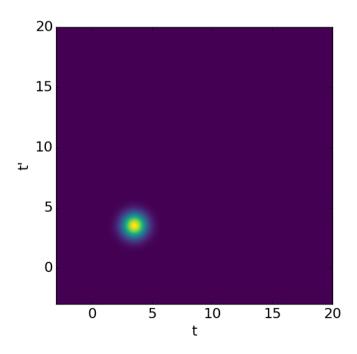
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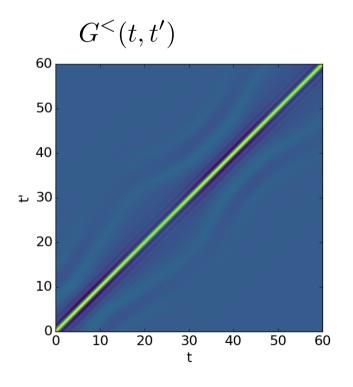


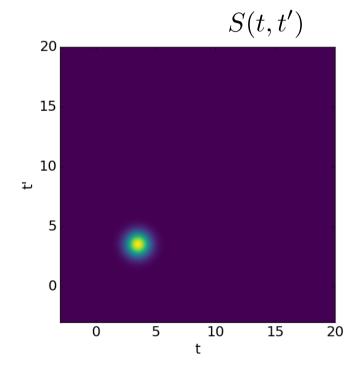


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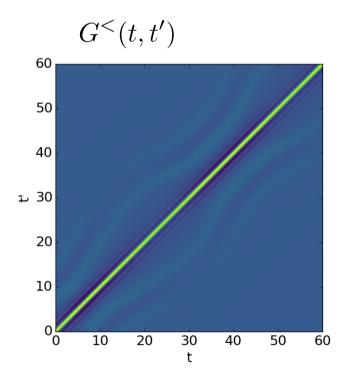


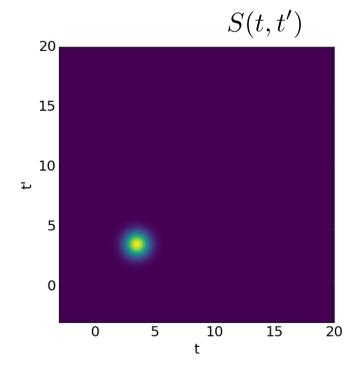
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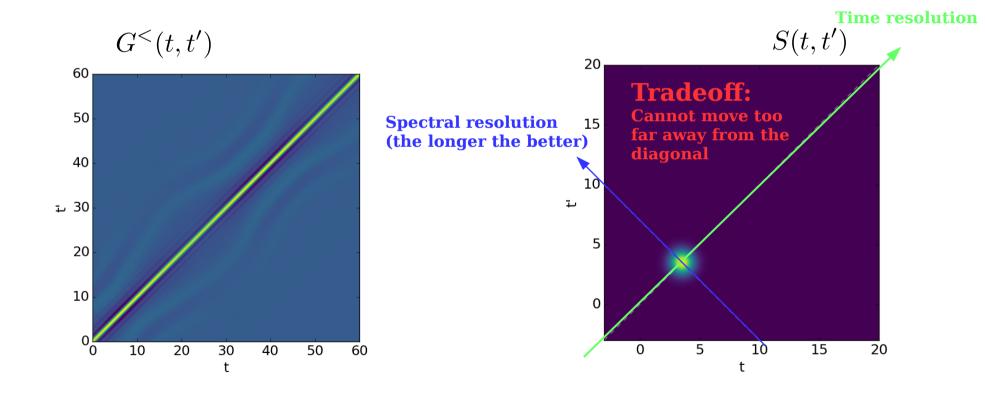
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Filtering with S(t,t') + Fourier transform on the antidiagonal

$$I(E, t_p) \propto \int dt dt' \ e^{-iE(t-t')} G^{<}(t_p + t, tp - t') \ S(t, t')$$



From perturbation theory...

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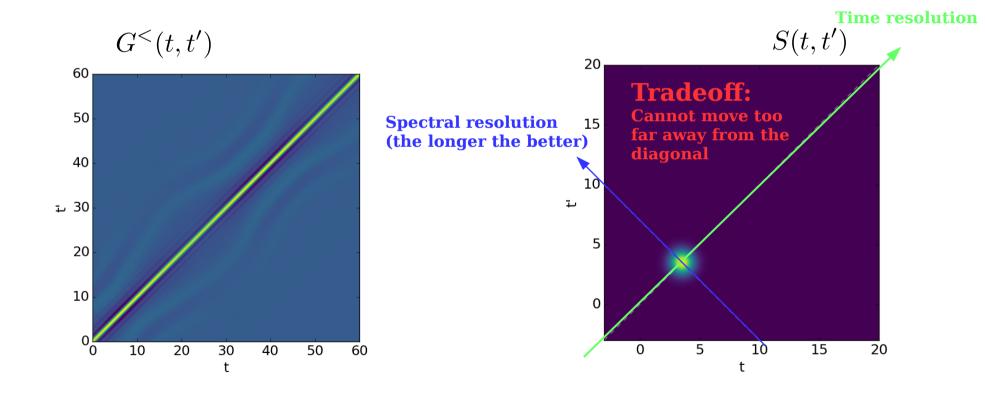
$$G^{<}(t,t')$$

S(t,t')

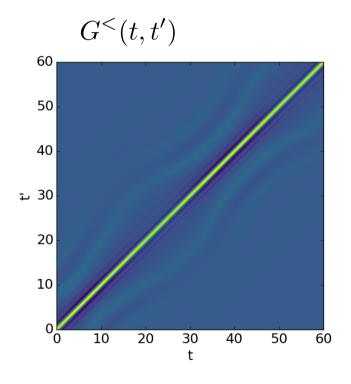
The energy time-uncertainty comes from the filter S(t,t') / the pulse.

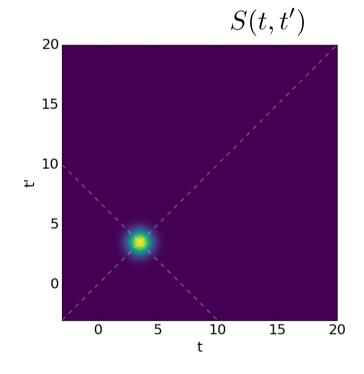
Is it possible to devise a more useful S(t,t') by shaping the probe pulse?

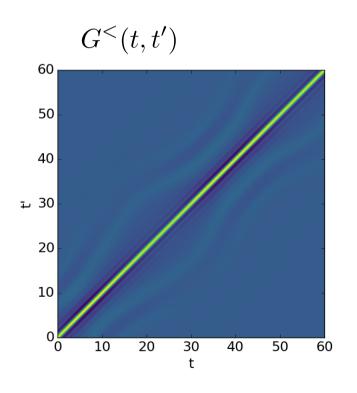
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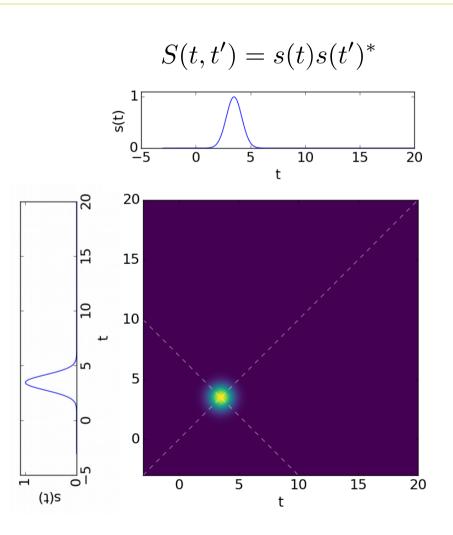


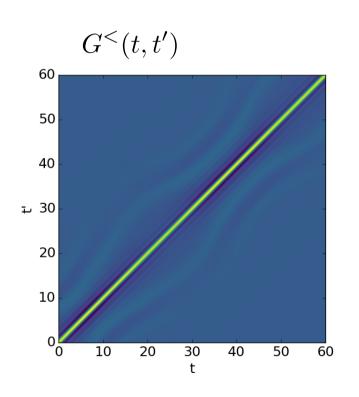
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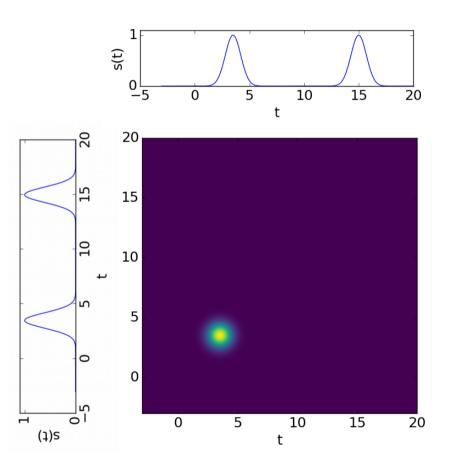




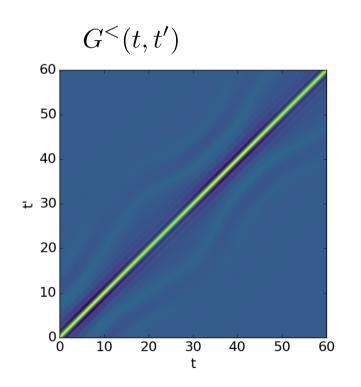


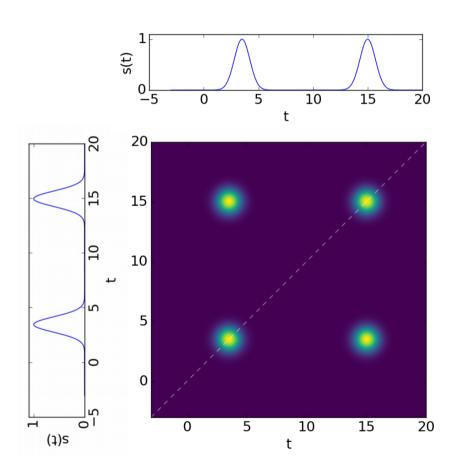




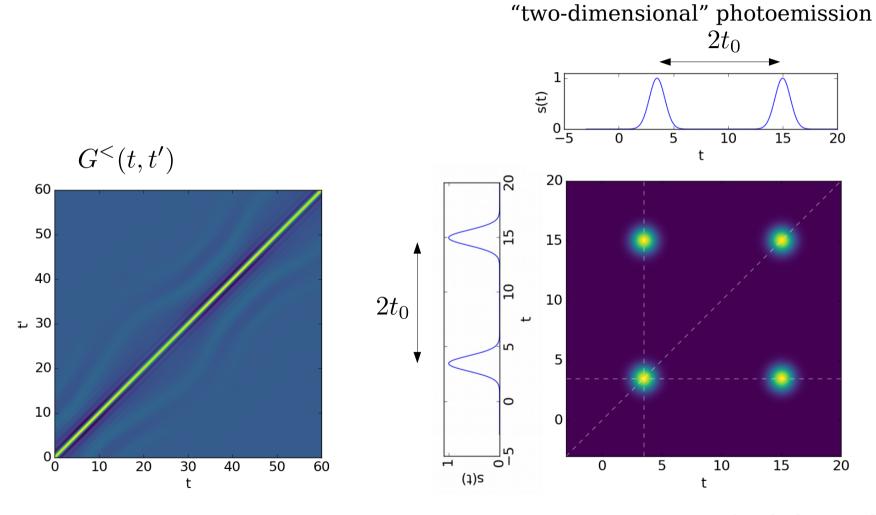


"two-dimensional" photoemission



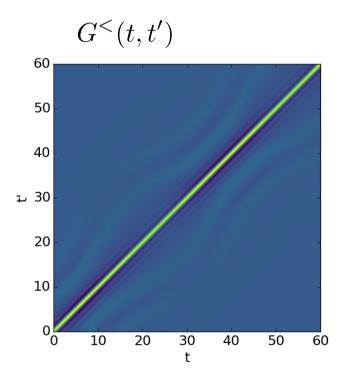


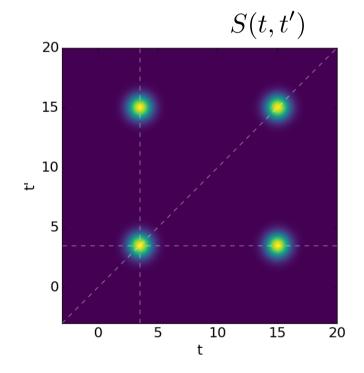
+ fixed phase relation



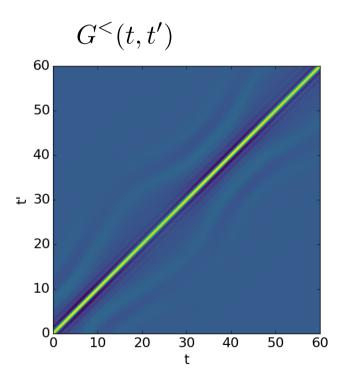
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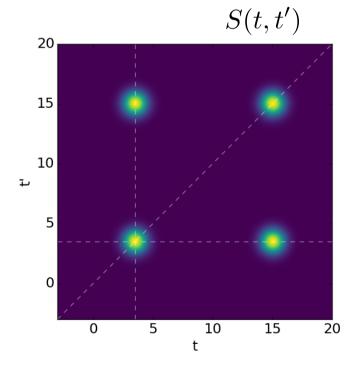
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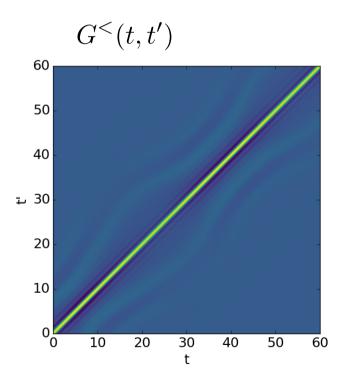


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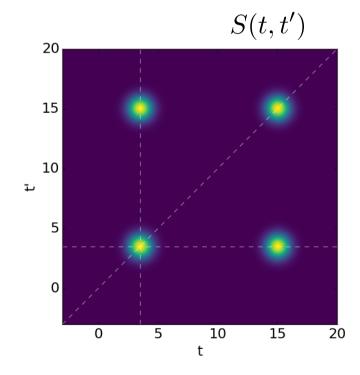


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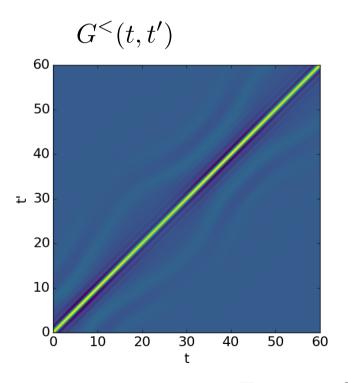


4 terms

- 2 on the diagonal can be subtracted from single pulse expt.
- 2 off-diagonal oscillate as a function of photoelectron energy

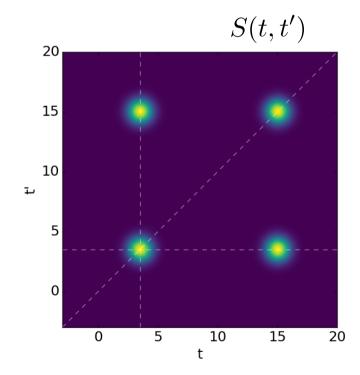


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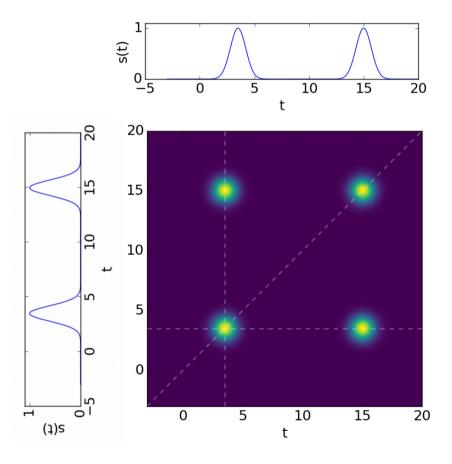


Tomographic (t_p, t_0) reconstruction of the Green's function.

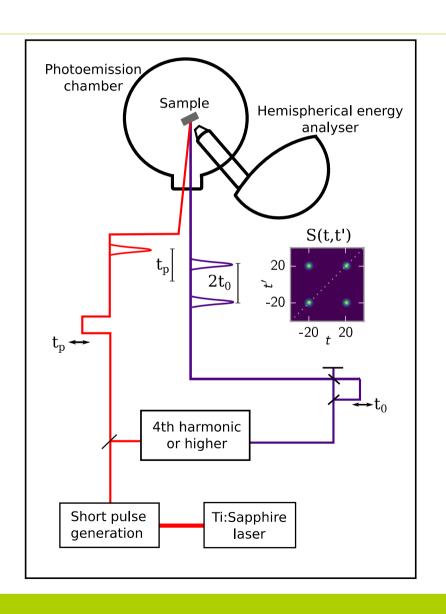
Time-resolved photoemission

"two-dimensional" photoemission

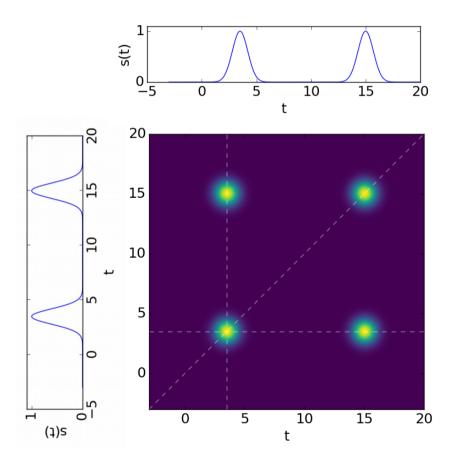
How could this be realized in an experimental set-up?



Time-resolved photoemission

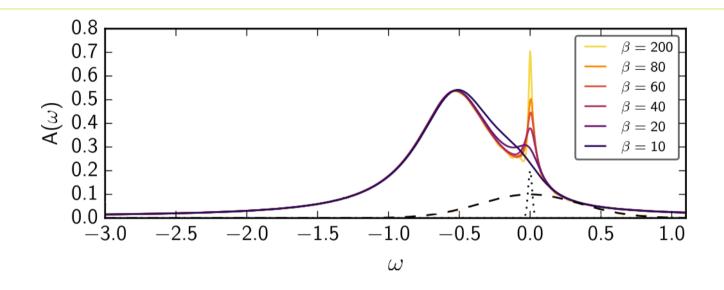


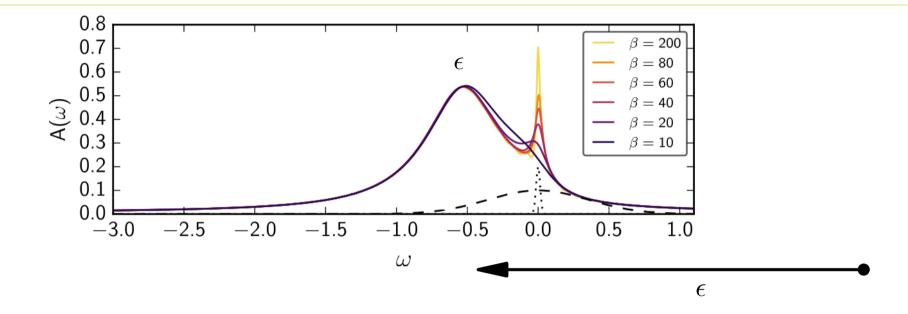
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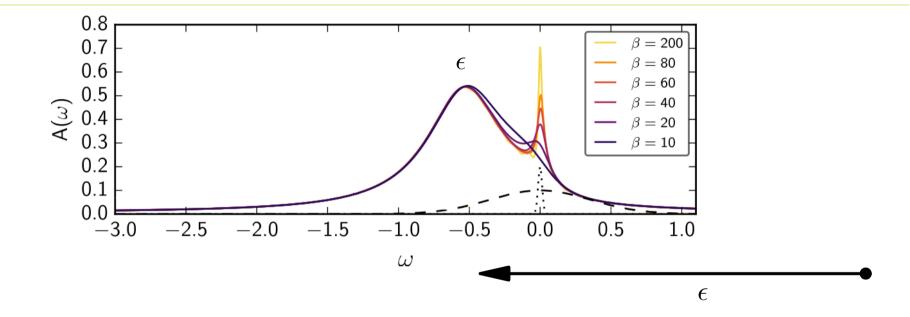
An illustrative example

The buildup of the Kondo peak





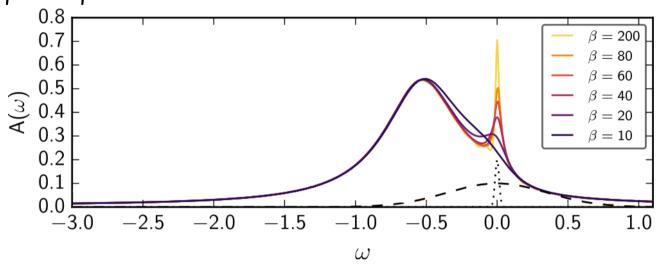
Quench of the system towards the Kondo regime: How quickly does the Kondo peak develop?

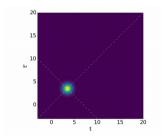


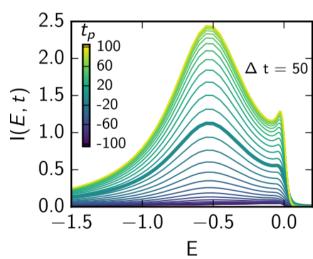
Time-resolved photoemission after quench of ϵ into the Kondo regime:

Standard single probe pulse
 Two probe pulses

Standard single probe pulse

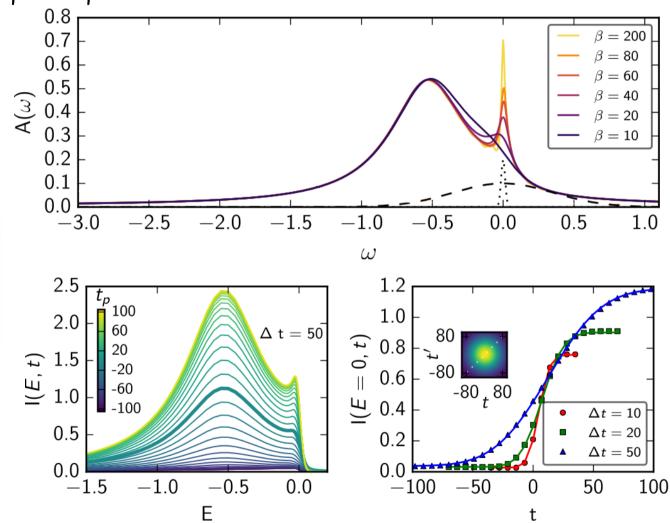






As first shown by Nordlander and Langreth (1999)

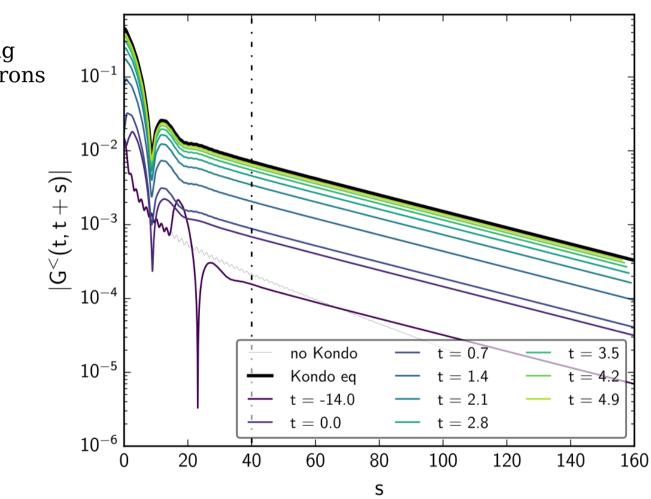
Standard single probe pulse



As first shown by Nordlander and Langreth (1999)

True timescale of the screening dictated by coupling to the electrons

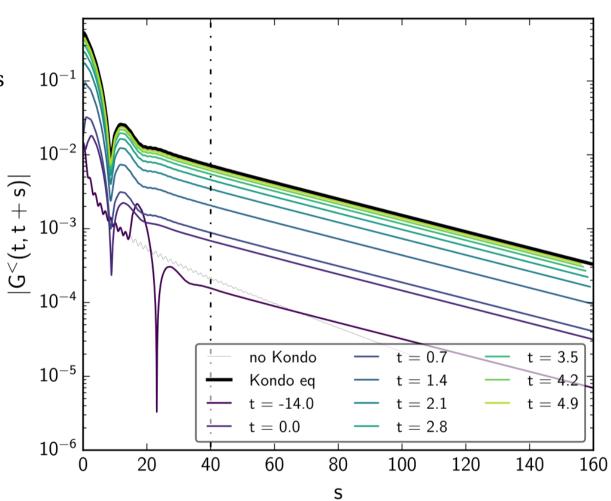
 \rightarrow faster than $\frac{\hbar}{\Delta E_{\rm Kondo}}$



True timescale of the screening dictated by coupling to the electrons

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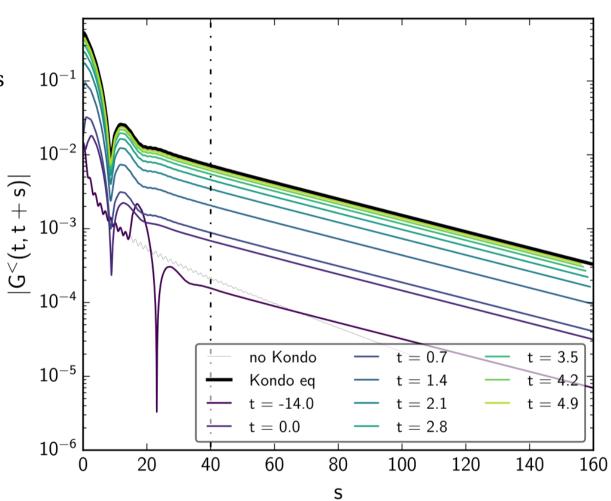
Dynamics of the Kondo peak beyond its spectral uncertainty limit

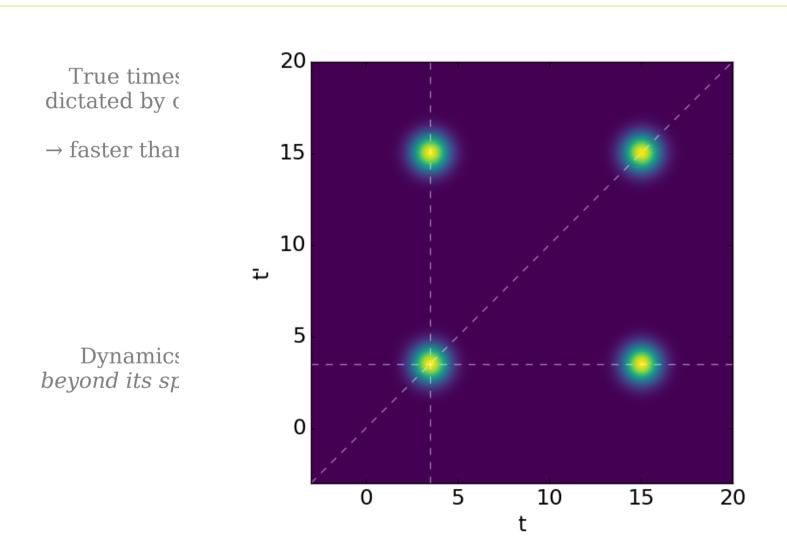


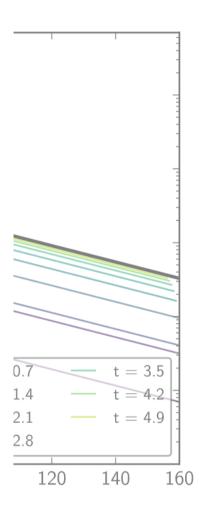
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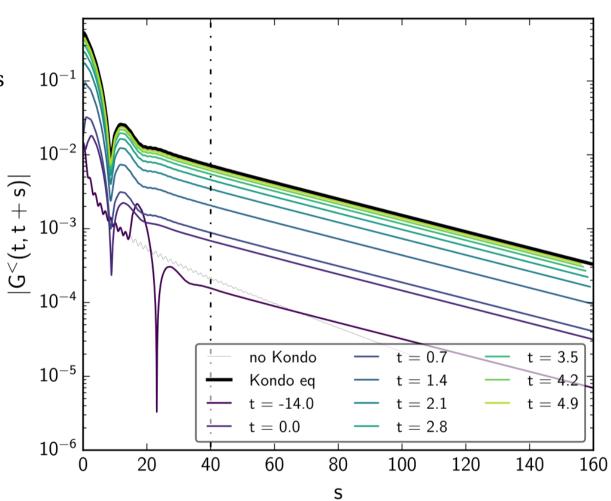


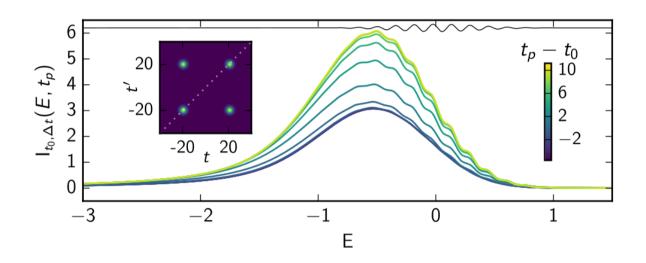


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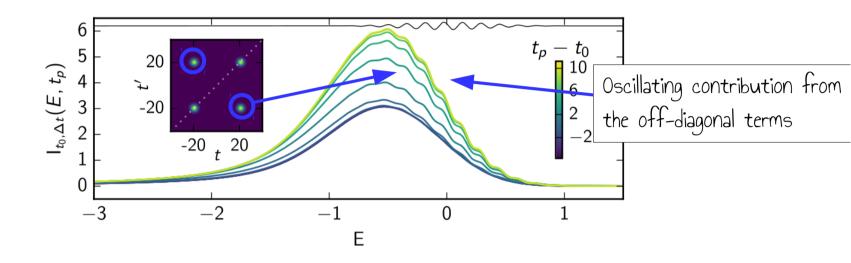
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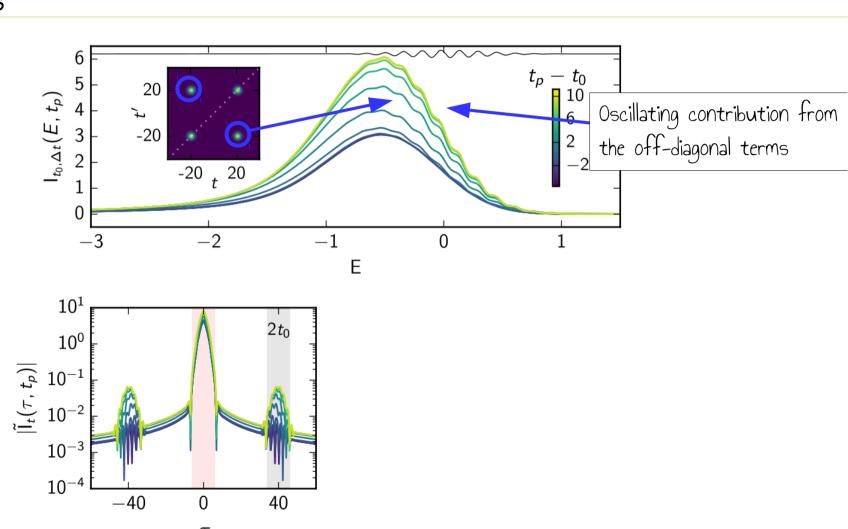


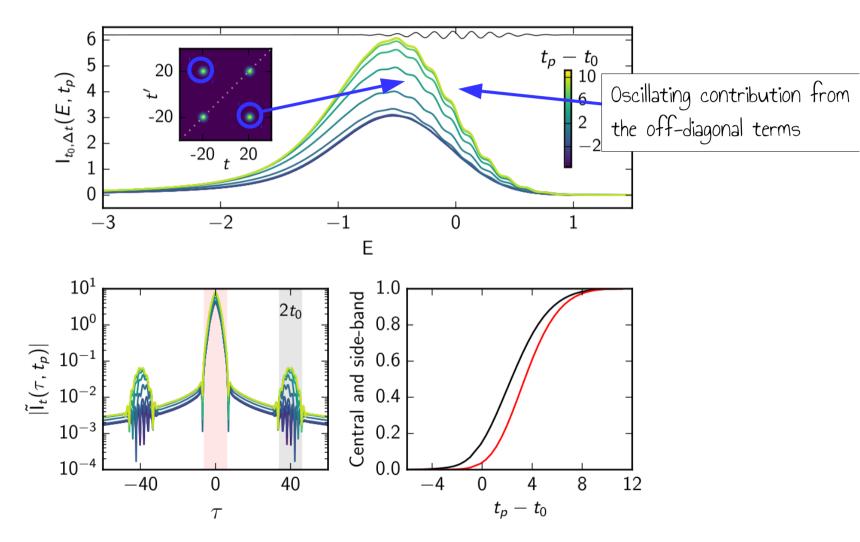


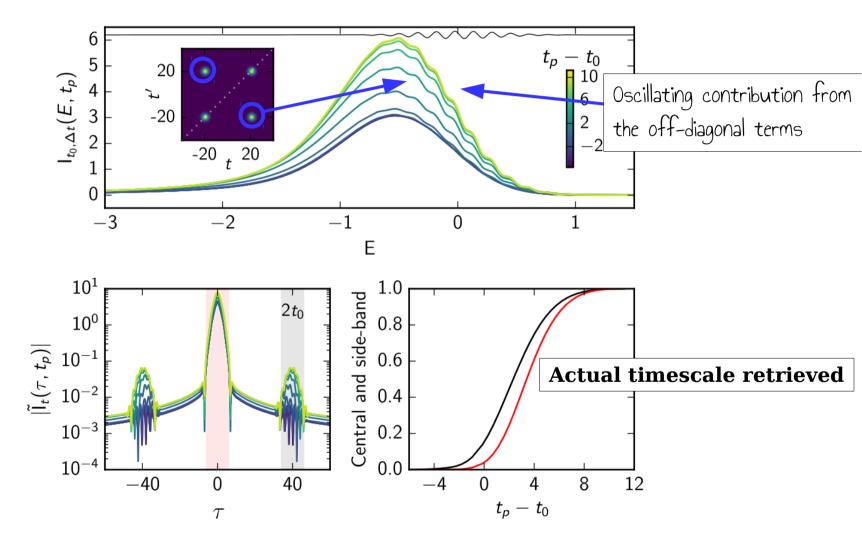
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Conclusions

• Dynamics beyond the spectral uncertainty limit common feature of strongly correlated materials

• **Energy-time uncertainty can be bypassed**: double pulse tomography – "two-dimensional" photoemission

Acknowledgements

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Martin Eckstein

University of Trieste, T-ReX/FERMI@Elettra





Daniele Fausti

Thank you